The Commonwealth of Massachusetts STATE ELECTION

Millian Transo Millian
SECRETARY OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

OFFICIAL ABSENTEE BALLOT

LEXINGTON Pcts. 1, 5-7

1003/1003

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 2010

To vote for a candidate, fill in the oval to the right of the candidate's name. To vote for a person not on the ballot, write that person's name and residence in the blank space provided and fill in the oval.

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS SEVENTH DISTRICT FOWARD J. MARKEY	_
7 Townsend St., Maiden Candidate for Re-election GERRY DEMBROWSKI + + + + + + + + + Republican	\supset
DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.	
WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY	\supset
COUNCILLOR SIXTH DISTRICT Vote for ONE	
1 Seal Harbor Rd., Winthrop	\supset
3 Stafford Rd., Lynnfield	\supset
11 Aberdeen Ave., Saugus	\supset
11 Eugene Dr., Winchester	\supset
DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.	
WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY	\supset
CENATOR IN CENERAL COURT	
FOURTH MIDDLESEX DISTRICT Vote for ONE	
12 Grandview Rd., Arlington Candidate for Re-election	_)
USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.	
WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY	
REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL COURT	
JAY R. KAUFMAN +++++++++++Democratic	\supset
DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE.	
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WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY	
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	
GERARD T. LEONE, JR. + + + + + + + + + Democratic	\supset
DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN.	
WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY	\supset
JAMES V. DIPAOLA ++++++++++Democratic	\supset
MICHAEL S. TRANCHITA, SR. + + + + + + + Unenrolled 69 Harvard St., Winchester	\supset
DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE. Use blank line below for write-in.	
WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY	\supset
	SEVENTH DISTRICT EDWARD J. MARKEY Townsend St. Midden GERRY DEMBROWSKI SMartyn C. Nobusin DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN. COUNCILLOR SIXTH DISTRICT PAUL A. CARUCCIO 1584 Harbor Rd. Windfrop TERRENCE W. KENNEDY TERRENCE W. KENNEDY ANDREW W. MOSTONE 11 Aberdeen Ave. Suguis ANDREW W. MOSTONE 11 Eugene Dr. Winchester DO NOT VOTE IN THIS SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN. WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT FOURTH MIDDLESEX DISTRICT Vote for ONE KENNETH J. DONDRLLY TERENCE W. KENNEDY WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY SENATOR IN GENERAL COURT FOURTH MIDDLESEX DISTRICT Vote for ONE KENNETH J. DONDRLLY WRITE-IN SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN. WRITE-IN SPACE. USE BLANK LINE BELOW FOR WRITE-IN. WRITE-IN SPACE ONLY DISTRICT ATTORNEY MORTHERN DISTRICT Wote for ONE GERARD T. LEONE, JR

QUESTION 1 LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives before May 4, 2010?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would remove the Massachusetts sales tax on alcoholic beverages and alcohol, where the sale of such beverages and alcohol or their importation into the state is already subject to a separate excise tax under state law. The proposed law would take effect on January 1, 2011.

A YES VOTE would remove the state sales**

A YES VOTE would remove the state sales tax on alcoholic beverages and alcohol where their sale or importation into the state is subject to an excise tax under state law.

A NO VOTE would make no change in the state sales tax on alcoholic beverages and alcohol. YES

NO

QUESTION 2 LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives before May 4, 2010?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would repeal an existing state law that allows a qualified organization wishing to build government-subsidized housing that includes low- or moderate-income units to apply for a single comprehensive permit from a city or town's zoning board of appeals (ZBA), instead of separate permits from each local agency or official having jurisdiction over any aspect of the proposed housing. The repeal would take effect on January 1, 2011, but would not stop or otherwise affect any proposed housing that had already received both a comprehensive permit and a building permit for at least one unit.

Under the existing law, the ZBA holds a public hearing on the application and considers the recommendations of local agencies and officials. The ZBA may grant a comprehensive permit that may include conditions or requirements concerning the height, site plan, size, shape, or building materials of the housing. Persons aggrieved by the ZBA's decision to grant a permit may appeal it to a court. If the ZBA denies the permit or grants it with conditions or requirements that make the housing uneconomic to build or to operate, the applicant may appeal to the state Housing Appeals Committee (HAC).

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After a hearing, if the HAC rules that the ZBA's denial of a comprehensive permit was unreasonable and not consistent with local needs, the HAC orders the ZBA to issue the permit. If the HAC rules that the ZBA's decision issuing a comprehensive permit with conditions or requirements made the housing uneconomic to build or operate and was not consistent with local needs, the HAC orders the ZBA to modify or remove any such condition or requirement so as to make the proposal no longer uneconomic. The HAC cannot order the ZBA to issue any permit that would allow the housing to fall below minimum safety standards or site plan requirements. If the HAC rules that the ZBA's action was consistent with local needs, the HAC must uphold it even if it made the housing uneconomic. The HAC's decision is subject to review in the courts.

A condition or requirement makes housing "uneconomic" if it would prevent a public agency or non-profit organization from building or operating the hous-

ing except at a financial loss, or it would prevent a limited dividend organization from building or operating the housing without a reasonable return on its

A ZBA's decision is "consistent with local needs" if it applies requirements that are reasonable in view of the regional need for low- and moderate-income housing and the number of low-income persons in the city or town, as well as the need to protect health and safety, promote better site and building design, and preserve open space, if those requirements are applied as equally as possible to both subsidized and unsubsidized housing. Requirements are considered "consistent with local needs" if more than 10% of the city or town's housing units are low- or moderate-income units or if such units are on sites making up at least 1.5% of the total private land zoned for residential, commercial, or industrial use in the city or town. Requirements are also considered "consistent with local needs" if the application would result, in any one calendar year, in beginning construction of low- or moderate-income housing on sites making up more than 0.3% of the total private land zoned for residential, commercial, or industrial use in the city or town, or on ten acres, whichever is larger.

The proposed law states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would repeal the state law allowing the issuance of a single comprehensive permit to build housing that includes low- or moderate-income units.

A NO VOTE would make no change in the state law allowing issuance of such a comprehensive permit.

YES (

NO

QUESTION 3 LAW PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION

Do you approve of a law summarized below, on which no vote was taken by the Senate or the House of Representatives before May 4, 2010?

SUMMARY

This proposed law would reduce the state sales and use tax rates (which were 6.25% as of September 2009) to 3% as of January 1, 2011. It would make the same reduction in the rate used to determine the amount to be deposited with the state Commissioner of Revenue by non-resident building contractors as security for the payment of sales and use tax on tangible personal property used in carrying out their contracts.

The proposed law provides that if the 3% rates would not produce enough revenues to satisfy any lawful pledge of sales and use tax revenues in connection

with any bond, note, or other contractual obligation, then the rates would instead be reduced to the lowest level allowed by law.

The proposed law would not affect the collection of moneys due the Commonwealth for sales, storage, use or other consumption of tangible personal property or services occurring before January 1, 2011.

The proposed law states that if any of its parts were declared invalid, the other parts would stay in effect.

A YES VOTE would reduce the state sales and use tax rates to 3%.

A NO VOTE would make no change in the state sales and use tax rates.

YES (NO 1003

